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5	Attorney for Plaintiffs		
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8	DISTRIC	CT COURT	
9	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA	
10	DAVID LARITA-AREOLA, JYRO	CASE NO. DEPT NO.	
11	REMANES, ANTHONY BUMCROT, JONATHAN CRUZ, MIRA MUNIZ,	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND OTHER	
12	EDUARDO REYES, DANIAL BRIDGES, STEPHANIE MARSHALL, JASON COX,	RELIEF BASED UPON:	
13	MATTHEW CARABALLO, ANDREW JONES, RON CHRISTIE, DEVIN MARTY,	FAILURE TO PAY MINIMUM WAGES AND OVERTIME WHEN DUE IN	
14	MERSADIES GRAVES, AMY MORENO, ANTONIO ROBERTO RIOS, JASE RIOS,	VIOLATION OF THE FLSA	
15	ARIELLE BROOKS, ALAN MILES, RICKY WOLFINBARGER, CAMERON KEANE,		
16	DEREK HALLBERG, CARLOS FRANCISCO (MARTINEZ, DIMITRIUS OLLARVIA,		
17	JOSHUA RIOS, JASMINE JONES, JESSE ROMERO, NICK RINALDO, ANGELICA		
18	CANELA, MICHAEL RODRIGUEZ, ALEXANDER BROWN, BAILEY KEIBLER,		
19	BRANDON CALDERONE, DYLAN DUGGINS, DULAL WOODS, JULIO		
20	ANCHONDO, SONYA GUERRERO, RIDGE		
21	JACOB, KAZU VILLIATORA, KIMBERLY BATIE, KYLE CHRISTOPHER, STEVEN		
22	ERVIN, NICHOLAS LEMOINE, DEVEN MYERS and DEBORAH WALKER,		
23	Plaintiffs,		
24	vs.		
25	VEGAS VALLEY GROWERS, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company; JCL		
26	GROUP, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company and JCL GROUP, LLP, a Nevada		
27	Limited Liability Partnership,		
28	Defendants.		

DAVID LARITA-AREOLA, JYRO REMANES, ANTHONY BUMCROT, JONATHAN CRUZ, MIRA MUNIZ, EDUARDO REYES, DANIAL BRIDGES, STEPHANIE MARSHALL, JASON COX, MATTHEW CARABALLO, ANDREW JONES, RON CHRISTIE, DEVIN MARTY, MERSADIES GRAVES, AMY MORENO, ANTONIO ROBERTO RIOS, JASE RIOS, ARIELLE BROOKS, ALAN MILES, RICKY WOLFINBARGER, CAMERON KEANE, DEREK HALLBERG, CARLOS FRANCISCO MARTINEZ, DIMITRIUS OLLARVIA, JOSHUA RIOS, JASMINE JONES, JESSE ROMERO, NICK RINALDO, ANGELICA CANELA, MICHAEL RODRIGUEZ, ALEXANDER BROWN, BAILEY KEIBLER, BRANDON CALDERONE, DYLAN DUGGINS, DULAL WOODS, JULIO ANCHONDO, SONYA GUERRERO, RIDGE JACOB, KAZU VILLIATORA, KIMBERLY BATIE, KYLE CHRISTOPHER, STEVEN ERVIN, NICHOLAS LEMOINE, DEVEN MYERS and DEBORAH WALKER (hereinafter "Plaintiffs") allege as follows:

INTRODUCTION

- Plaintiffs are individuals who now and at all times mentioned in this complaint were residents the County of Clark and State of Nevada.
- 2. Defendant VEGAS VALLEY GROWERS, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company; JCL GROUP, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company and JCL GROUP, LLP, a Nevada Limited Liability (hereinafter "Defendants") are now, and at all times mentioned in this complaint were limited liability companies and partnerships organized and existing under the laws of the State of Nevada, with their principal places of business in the City of Las Vegas, County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 3. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action because it involves a federal question under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 USC §§201-219 (hereinafter "FLSA"). 28 USC §1331.
- 4. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 USC §1391(b) because the events and omissions giving rise to this action occurred in this district.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- Defendants operate a business specializing in cannabis cultivation in Las Vegas,
 Nevada.
 - 6. Within the past three years Plaintiffs were employees of this cannabis operation.
- 7. Defendants were obligated to pay Plaintiffs their minimum wages and overtime on their scheduled payday which per the company's handbook was bi-weekly (every two weeks) on every other Wednesday.
- 8. In fact Plaintiffs were never paid on every other Wednesday but instead were paid late every pay period, ranging from one to four days.
- 9. Plaintiffs were paid in cash and had to sign a slip each pay period showing that they received the wages for the pay period and the date they were paid. Thus Defendants should have documentation of when the Plaintiffs were actually paid every other week in relationship to when they were required to be paid.
- 10. Finally Defendants actions in not paying Plaintiffs' minimum wages and overtime compensation was willful and was not done in good faith or on reasonable grounds.

CAUSE OF ACTION

(Failure to Pay Minimum Wages and Overtime

Wages on Time in Violation of the FLSA)

- 11. Plaintiffs incorporate the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 10, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- 12. Failure to pay wages on time, even if it involves a short period of time, violates the FLSA. *See Martin v. United States*, 130 Fed. Cl. 578 (Feb. 13, 2017).
- 13. The courts have held that a cause of action under the FLSA for unpaid minimum wages or unpaid overtime compensation and for liquidated damages accrues when the employer fails to pay the required compensation and liquidated damages accrues when the employer fails to pay the required compensation for any workweek at the regular pay day for the period in which

the workweek ends. 29 CFR §790.21(b), Briggs v. Wilson, 1 F.3d 1537, 1540 (9th Cir. 1993).

- 14. Defendants uniformly failed to pay Plaintiffs their minimum wages [FLSA $\S 206(a)(1)$] and overtime compensation [FLSA $\S 207(a)(1)$] on time.
- 15. Per the Defendants' company handbook they were obligated to pay Plaintiffs on the scheduled payday which per the company handbook was bi-weekly on every other Wednesday.
- 16. In fact Plaintiffs were never paid on every other Wednesday but instead were paid late every pay period, ranging from one to four days.
- 17. Further since Plaintiffs were paid in cash and had to sign a slip each pay period showing that they received the wages for the pay period, Defendants should have evidence of when the Plaintiffs were actually paid in relationship to when they were required to be paid.
- 18. Federal law mandates that an employer is required to keep payroll records which include, among other things, when and how much an employee was paid. 29 CFR §§516.2 and 516.5.
- 19. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant violating the FLSA, Plaintiffs have suffered monetary damages and other damages to be proven at trial.
- 20. Defendants' actions were with deliberate indifference to such right or were willful, entitling Plaintiffs to an award of liquidated damages pursuant 29 USC §§216(b) and 626(b).
- 21. Plaintiffs have incurred, and continue to incur, attorney's fees in the prosecution of their claims. Plaintiffs therefore seek an award of reasonable attorney's fees, in a sum according to proof at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray that this Court grant relief against Defendants as follows:

1. For declaratory relief that Defendants have violated its statutory and legal obligation and deprived Plaintiffs of their rights, privileges, protections and compensation under the law, that the violations were not in good faith and that Defendants did not have reasonable grounds for believing that its acts complied with its obligation under the FLSA, and that the violations were willful;

1	2.	For monetary damages and other damages pursuant to the FLSA;
2	3.	For liquidated damages under the FLSA in an amount equal to Plaintiffs minimum
3	wages and overtime compensation that should have been paid on their scheduled paydays b	
4	instead was paid one to four days late each period;	
5	4.	For attorney's fees and costs under the FLSA in an amount determined by the court t
6	be reasonable;	
7	5.	For pre-judgment interest on all damages; and
8	6.	For any other and further relief that the Court considers proper.
9		
10	DATED: <u>11/</u>	16/2020 LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL P. BALABAN
11		
12		BY: <u>/s/ Michael P. Balaban</u> Michael P. Balaban, Esq.
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